

#### What Are We Saying?

- 1. Valuations are a notch above their long-term average, but the current market moves don't warrant a change in asset allocation. Therefore, we continue to recommend equity allocation for moderate appetite at 50%
- **2. The coming quarter is likely to be volatile**, with incoming data from US/EU likely to show a marked slowdown. To add to it, global energy prices will create more noise. Watch out for the November earnings season
- 3. The sectors that we recommended in <u>June edition</u>- banking, automobiles, pharmaceuticals/ healthcare have done well and we continue to stay with them. Additionally, we are exploring opportunities in sectors which will benefit from fall in energy/input prices- cement, tiles and garment exporters
- 4. Monetary policies will be delivering their penultimate/ultimate hikes this year
- 5. In fixed income, adding risk-calibrated duration makes sense. Event based action is likely to be seen once the outcome of India's inclusion in JPM EM bond inclusion is announced.



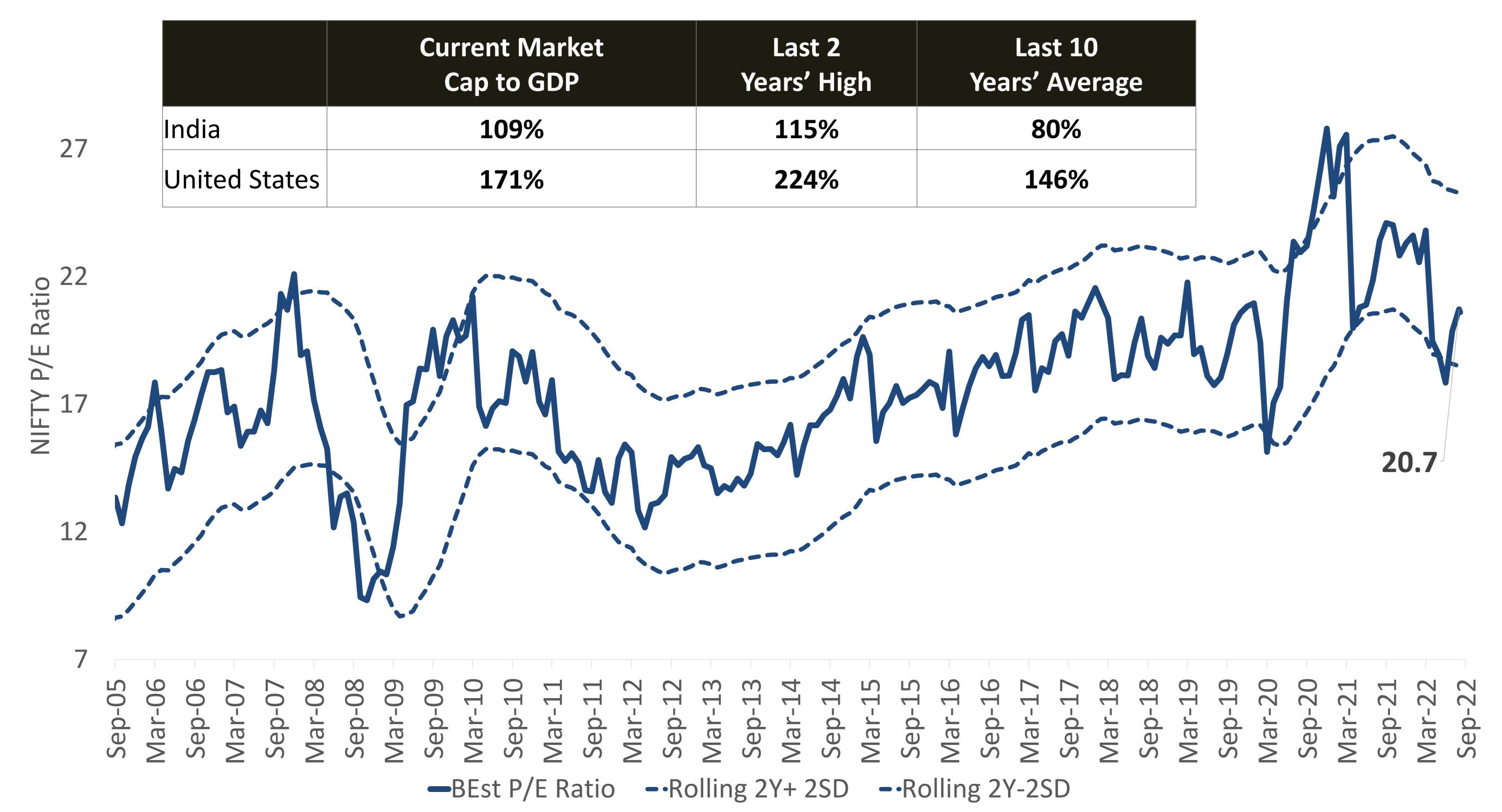


- Valuations
- Earnings
- Macros & Flows
- Interest rate cycle



Valuations: There's Opportunity In A Few Sectors

#### **Equity Valuations Have Moved From Cheap To Average**



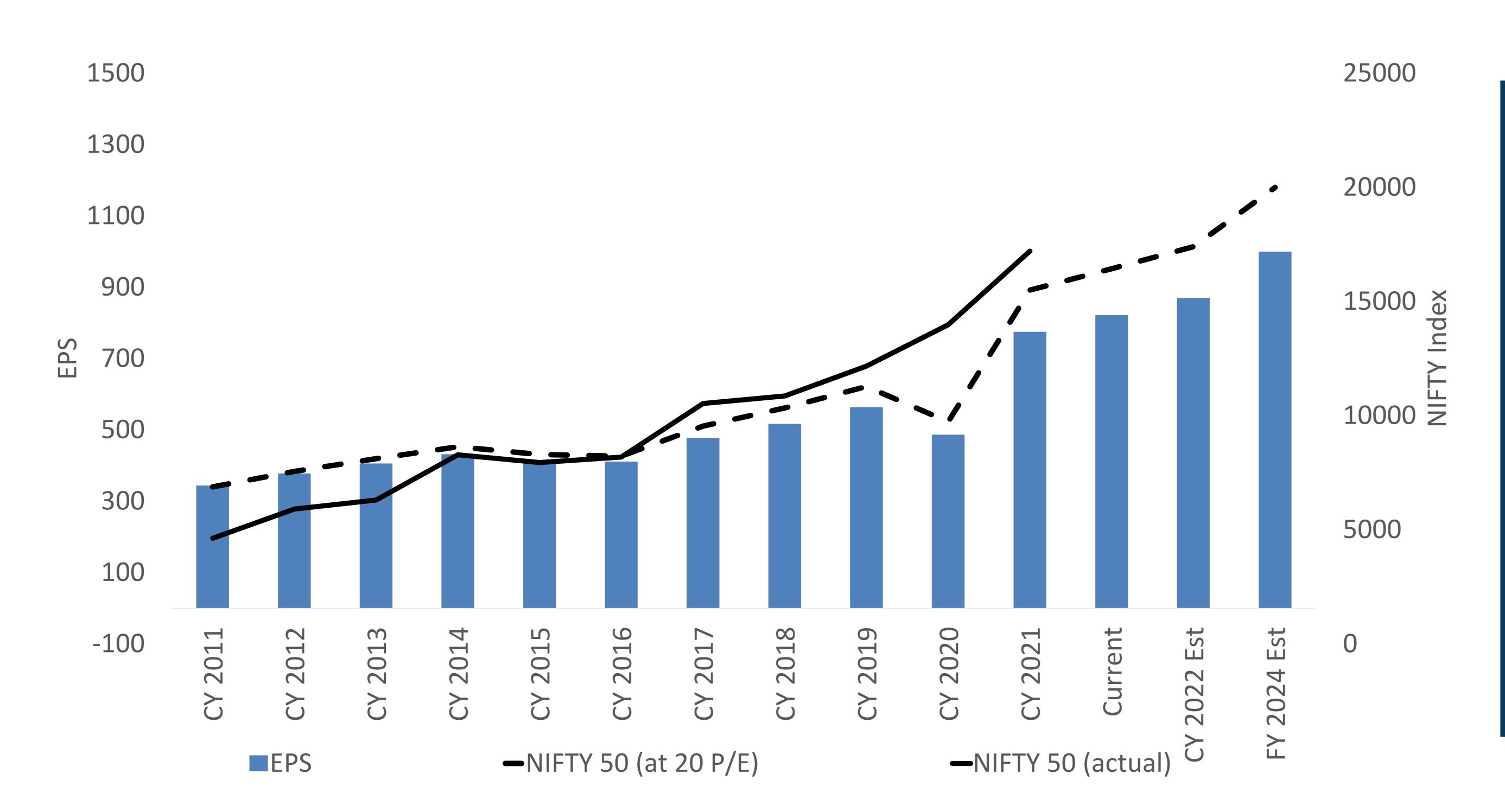
After the recent rally, equity valuations have marginally risen. This makes us delve deeper into sectors where there is more valuation comfort. We expect some volatility in markets as incoming data from western economies starts to show signs of imminent slowdown.

Fall of NIFTY below 16500 will create valuation comfort and should be used as an opportunity to add to equity allocation further.



Source: Bloomberg as on September 05, 2022

#### A Market Fall Could Result In Fresh Opportunity, Must Be Tapped



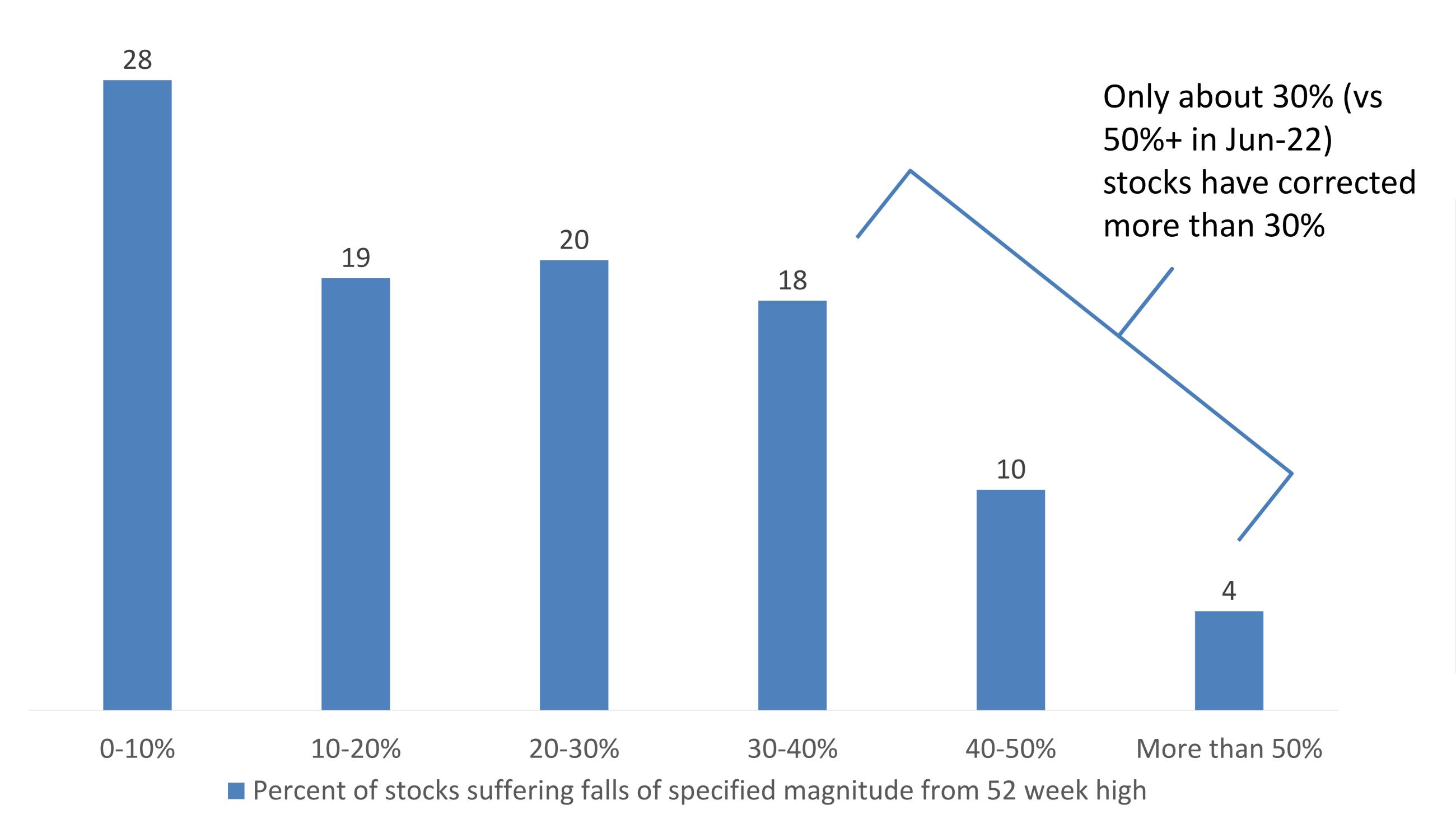
At average P/E multiple of 20 and expected EPS of 1000 in FY24, NIFTY could be at 20,000 levels in the next 18 to 24 months. This will mean a return of ~20%, if the markets go below 16,500. Therefore, raising equity allocation on a decline is ideal. Currently, keeping allocation steady is beneficial.

Therefore, we keep the equity allocation for moderate appetite at 50% for now but will advise adding on equity allocation if the markets dip into the 17,000 to 16500 range in the coming months. Would they? We don't know.



Source: Bloomberg as on September 05, 2022 EPS= Earnings Per Share P/E= Price to Earnings; Best P/E= Bloomberg Estimate Price to Earnings

#### Broader Markets' Performance Has Improved But Doesn't Indicate Froth Yet



While no stocks are making fresh 52-week highs, there has been a significant improvement since we released **Navigator-June**, 2022.

Number of members above 200 DMA at 60% indicate proximity to average

The coming earnings season, energy price, monetary policy tilt can swing markets and create fresh opportunity to add in the benefitting sectors.



Source: Bloomberg as on 5<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 DMA= Day Moving Average

### Sector Valuations: There's More Opportunity In Select Sectors

| Sector                     | Valuations (vis-à-vis) long term average |
|----------------------------|--|
| Financials                 |  |
| Automobiles                |  |
| Consumer Durables          |  |
| IT                         |  |
| Pharmaceuticals/Healthcare |  |
| FMCG                       |  |
| Capital Goods              |  |
| NIFTY 50                   |  |
|                            | Attractive Neutral On Valuations         |

Our analysis of sector valuations reveals that there's more opportunity in select sectors. We continue to like financials (credit growth, rate hike cycle), automobiles (coming out of a long-subdued cycle, benefitting from lower input prices) and pharmaceuticals/healthcare (attractive valuations)

The coming wage spiral and festive season is a harbinger of good environment for consumer durables. Capital goods, especially cement and tiles, may gain from fall in energy prices.

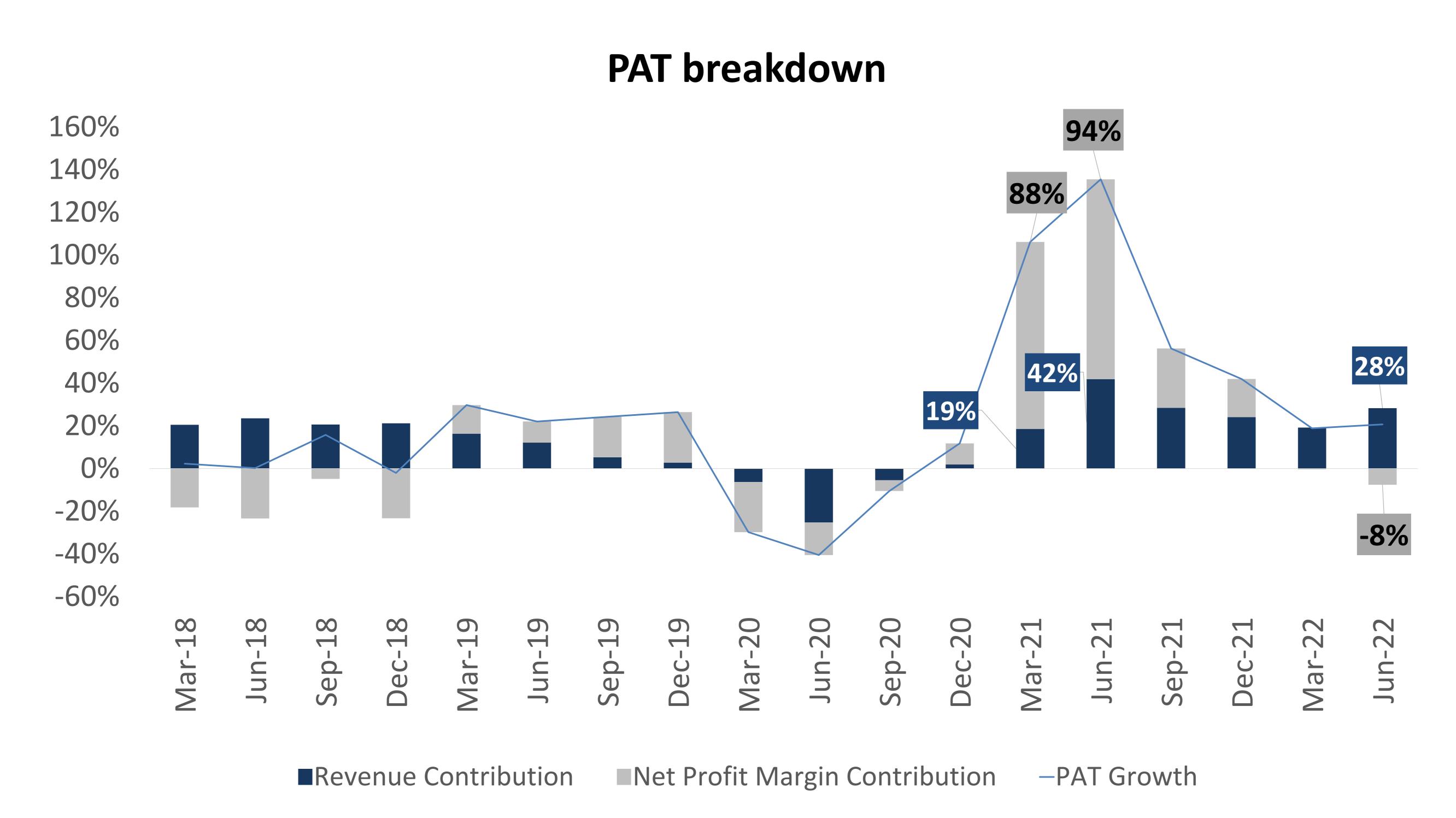
We continue to look out for opportunity at reasonable prices



Source: Bloomberg, Spark research, Data as on 05<sup>th</sup> September, 2022

Earnings: From Margin Expansion To Contraction

#### Margin Expansion Is Drying But Will Gain From Input Costs Easing



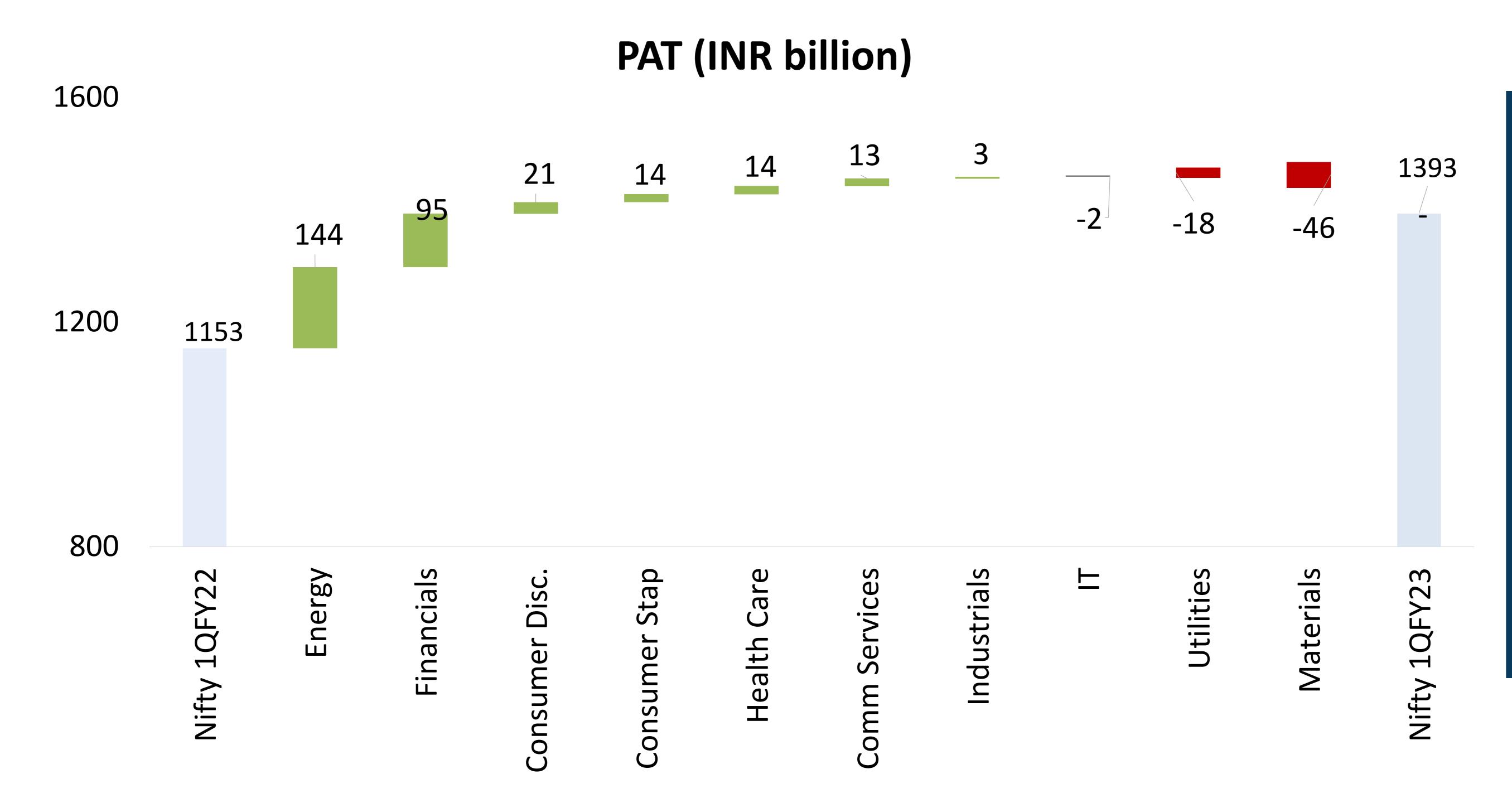
After a sharp margin expansion in the covid era that was driven by cut in travel/employee costs and administrative expenses, the margins are drying away largely driven by high input prices and/or high attrition rate.

However, with input prices easing, margins are likely to improve hereon. As per the latest India PMI release, "input cost pressure retreated to one year low in August-2022"

Read: The Coming Collapse Of Inflation and How To benefit From It



### Q1 Earnings Were Largely On Expected Lines



Recent earnings season resulted in earnings that were largely in line with expectations. Financials(higher rates+credit uptick) and energy(higher prices) drove up the aggregate earnings significantly.

Overall, this earnings season was a mild one, with some slowdown but we think the macro environment is likely to undergo a significant change in the coming quarters, especially with regards to input prices.

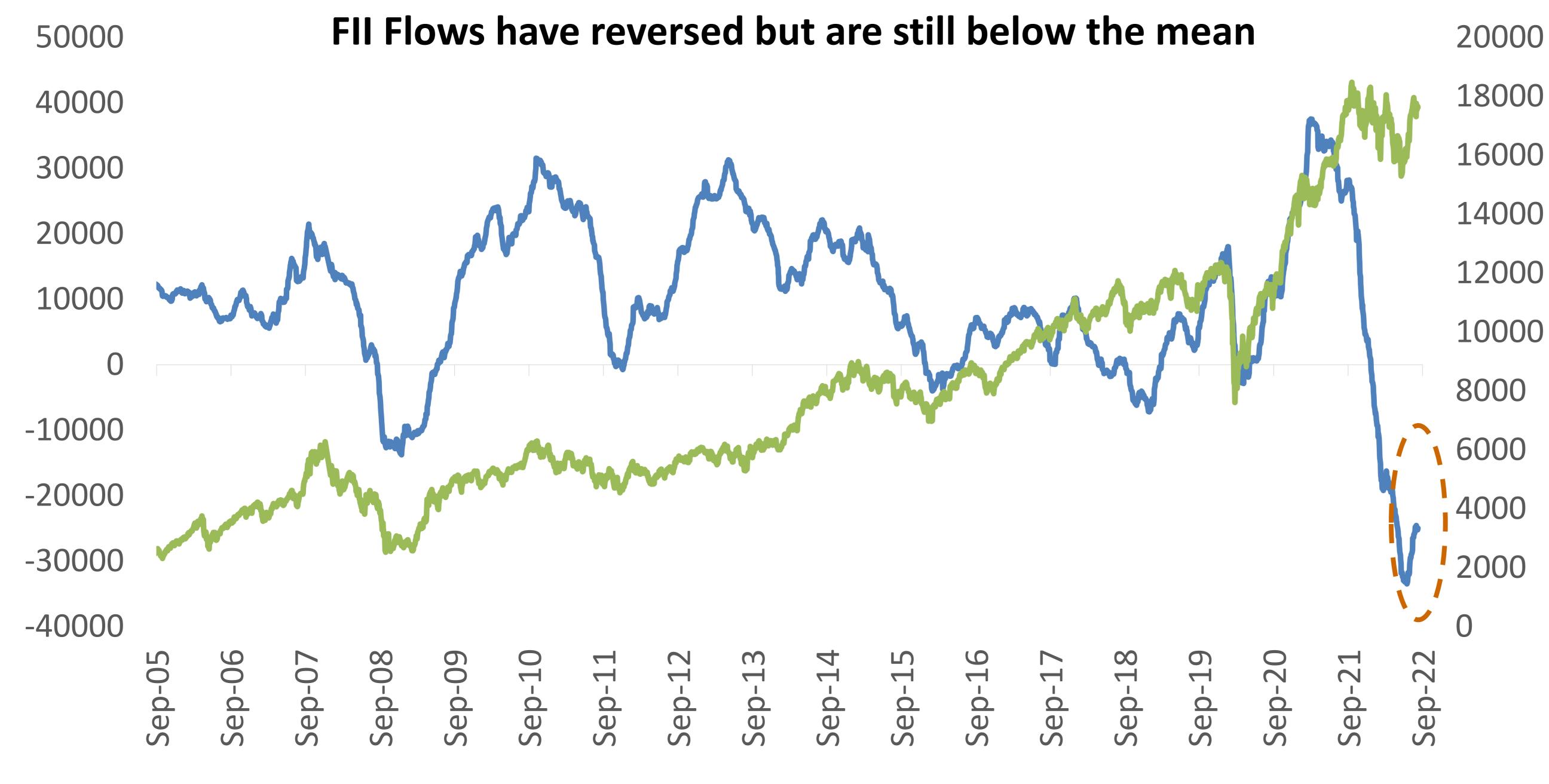
To understand the most from corporate commentaries, read: The Transcript



Source: Investec Research, DSP, Data as on Sep 05, 2022

Macros & Flows: Unbalanced Forces In Opposite Directions

### "Who's The More Foolish: The Fool Or The Fool Who Follows Him?" - A New Hope



As was expected in Navigator-June, 2022, FII flows have reversed, marking net inflows in July and August.

We re-iterate our view that India has the strongest fundamentals among Emerging Markets and therefore will attract global flows.

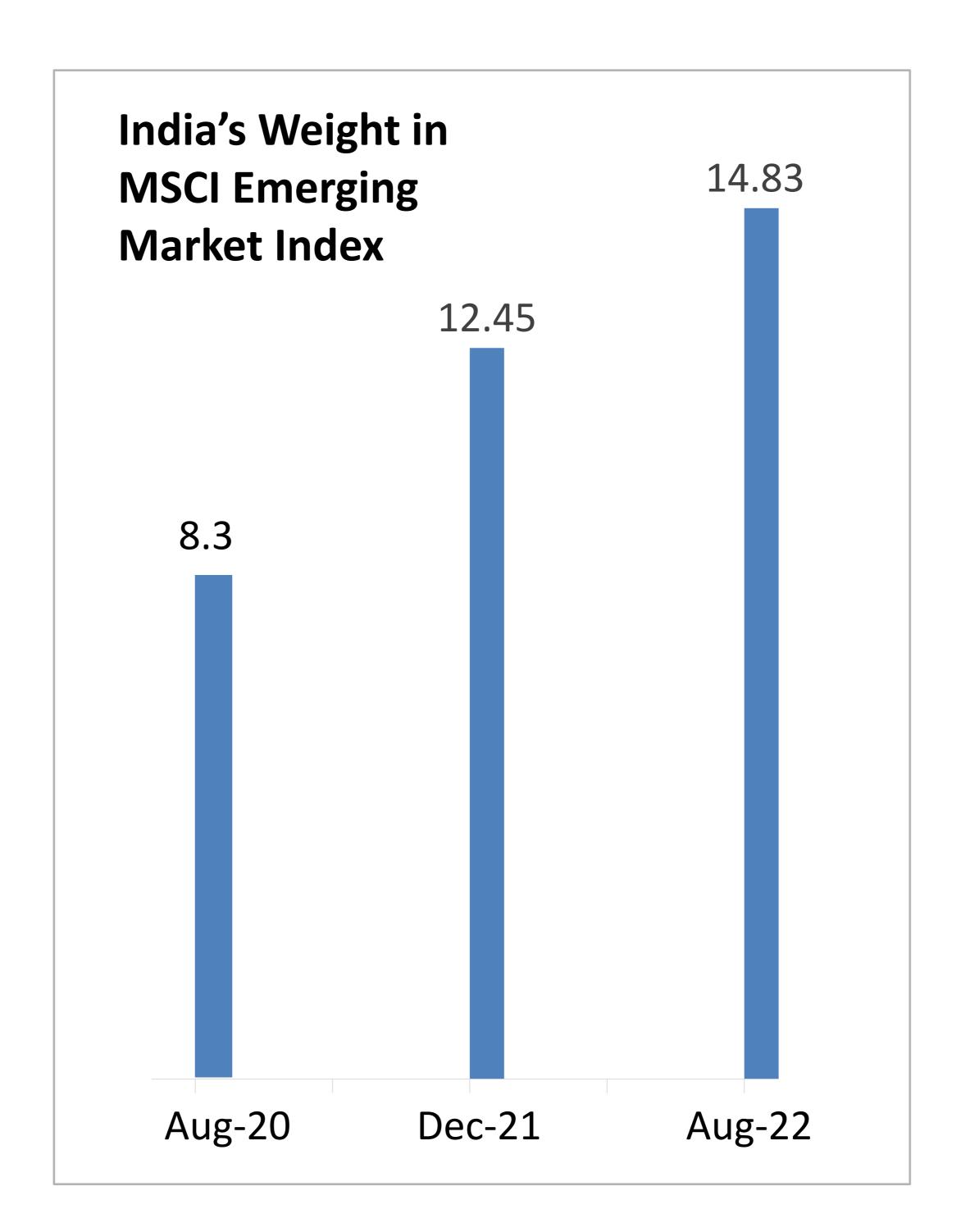
-India Net Foreign Equity Investment 12 Month Rolling Sum USD Billion (LHS) -NSE Nifty 50 Index (RHS)



Source: Bloomberg, DSP, Data as on Sep 05, 2022

# "It's An Imperfect World, But It's The Only One We've Got"

| Country     | Net Inflows (USD bn) |
|-------------|----------------------|
| Taiwan      | -6530                |
| Philippines | -219                 |
| Vietnam     | 76                   |
| Malaysia    | 467                  |
| Indonesia   | 549                  |
| Thailand    | 1522                 |
| Japan       | 2068                 |
| Brazil      | 3360                 |
| S. Korea    | 3814                 |
| India       | 7177                 |



India had the highest inflow samong the emerging market peers (Note: Data for China is not available for July-August).

The increase in weight of India in MSCI Emerging Market Index, solid fundamentals, controlled currency movement and decent earnings have reflected in FIIs coming back to India. We believe this should sustain in near future.



## Flows Are Supportive Of The Sectoral View

% contribution to flows

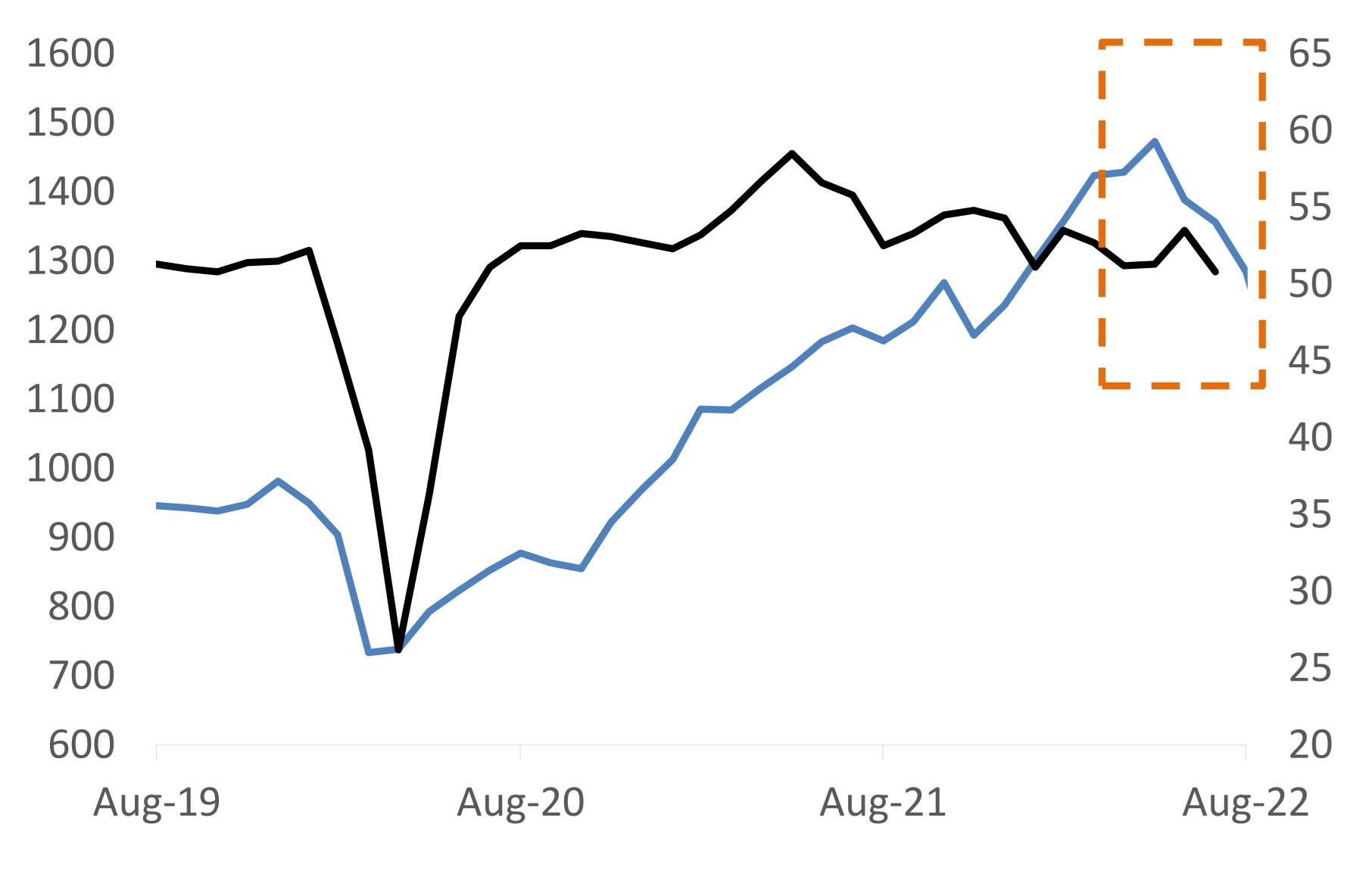
| Flows (USD bn)            | July-Aug | H1CY2022 | H2CY2021   | H1CY2021   | July-Aug | H1CY2022 | H2CY2021 | H1CY2021 |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|------------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Auto                      | 0.6      | -1.1     | -0.7       | 0.7        | 8%       | 4%       | 15%      | 9%       |
| Finance                   | 1.7      | -11.1    | -4.9       | 2.8        | 25%      | 39%      | 106%     | 34%      |
| IT                        | -0.5     | -7.7     | -2.8       | -0.4       | -8%      | 27%      | 61%      | -5%      |
| 0&G                       | -0.5     | -1.6     | 0.1        | 0.5        | -7%      | 6%       | -3%      | 5%       |
| Consumer (incl. Media)    | 1.4      | -3.8     | 3.1        | <b>0.7</b> | 20%      | 13%      | -68%     | 8%       |
| Utilities (Incl. Telcos)  | 1.2      | -0.2     | 1.1        | 1.2        | 17%      | 1%       | -24%     | 15%      |
| Healthcare                | 1.1      | 0.0      | -0.3       | -0.2       | 15%      | 0%       | 7%       | -2%      |
| Industrials (Inc. Cement) | 1.1      | -2.6     | -0.3       | 1.2        | 15%      | 9%       | 6%       | 15%      |
| Metals                    | -0.1     | 0.4      | -0.6       | 0.3        | -1%      | -1%      | 12%      | 3%       |
| Others                    | 1.0      | -0.6     | <b>0.5</b> | 1.5        | 15%      | 2%       | -11%     | 18%      |
| Total                     | 7.1      | -28.4    | -4.6       | 8.3        | 100%     | 100%     | 100%     | 100%     |

Auto, financial services, healthcare, consumer goods and industrials have garnered flows which gels well with our sectoral view. The outflows in IT sector have reduced.



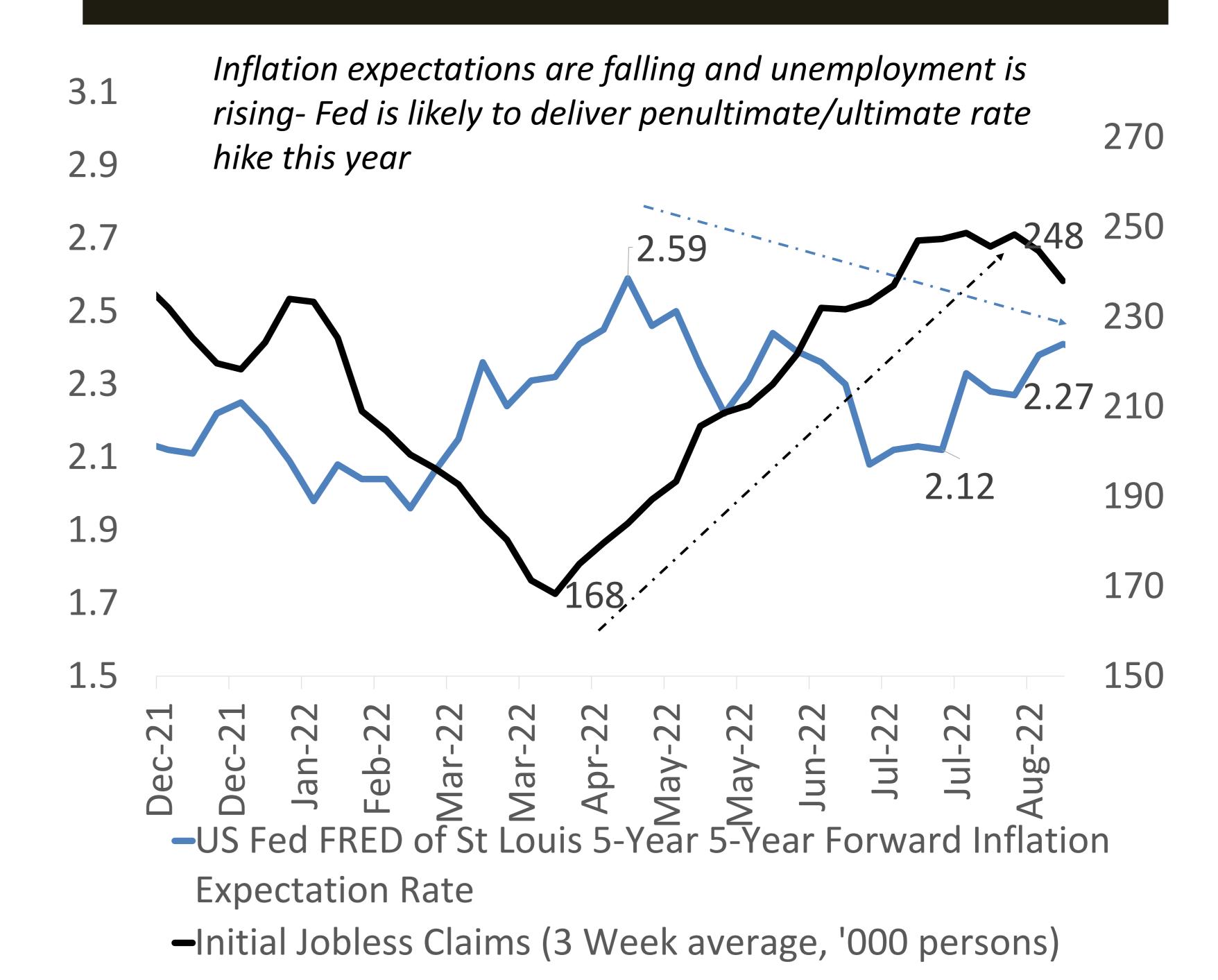
### In Monetary Policy, 'Information Shock' Is More Effective

#### Global growth lead indicators are tipping downwards



- -Yardeni Global Growth Barometer (LHS)
- –JPMorgan Global Composite PMI SA (RHS)

#### Macro Environment is not very congenial for aggressive rate hikes





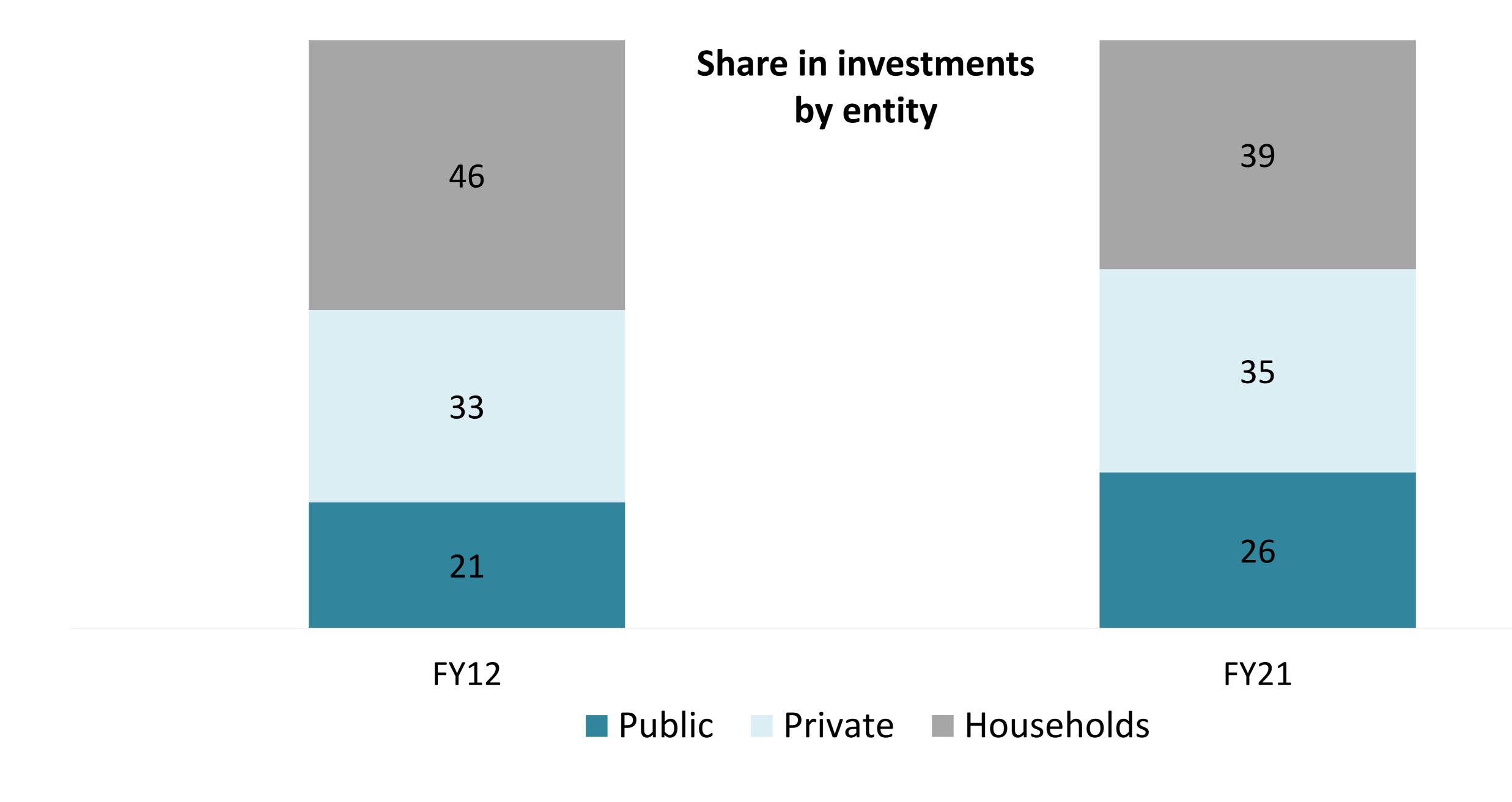
# 'No Free Lunch' For The Economy

|   | Good News   | The Not-So Good News   |
|---|---|--|
| • | Domestic growth is resilient  | <ul> <li>With global slowdown, exports demand is likely to suffer</li> </ul>   |
|   | Limited fear of sharp policy withdrawal   | <ul> <li>Indian policy makers, at least in the short term, will<br/>hike rates to protect currency despite stable growth<br/>and inflation</li> </ul>    |
| • | Consumption resilience- festive season, expectations of wage spiral Falling oil prices likely to offer a helping hand | <ul> <li>Higher imports will keep the trade deficit elevated,<br/>marking a current account expectation of 3%+ in FY23</li> </ul>                        |
|   | Good credit and capex upswing   | <ul> <li>The ease in commodity prices also reflect a ease in<br/>demand and therefore sustenance of these factors will<br/>be closely watched</li> </ul> |

Our Take: In nutshell, we believe India is likely to sail through the externalities despite the patchy road ahead. India is likely to be a steady ship in choppy waters.



#### Households Investments Still Have A Long Way To Go



The fall in households and private investments has been filled by increased public investments.

There is still some runway for private and household investments to kickstart, now that the capacity utilization is trailing above 75 and macro environment is affable. The current investment cycle is in nascent stage, it may have a rickety recovery ahead.



Source: CMIE, DSP, Latest Available Data as on Sep 05, 2022

# DSP Capex Tracker: Most Domestic Capex Indicators Are On Upswing

|                               |                | Jun-19 | Sep-19 | Dec-19 | Mar-20 | Jun-20 | Sep-20 | Dec-20 | Mar-21 | Jun-21 | Sep-21 | Dec-21 | Mar-22 | Jun-22 | 3 Year CAGR |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------------|
| New Investments               | INR Billion    | 1979   | 3566   | 7754   | 5215   | 1871   | 2650   | 1581   | 2654   | 2991   | 3389   | 4008   | 7778   | 4263   | 29%         |
| OBICUS Capacity utilisation   | Per cent       | 73.6   | 69.1   | 68.6   | 69.9   | 47.3   | 63.3   | 66.6   | 69.4   | 60.0   | 68.3   | 72.4   | 75.3   |        |             |
| Aggregate New Orders          | INR Billion    | 749    | 966    | 1012   | 835    | 471    | 869    | 1500   | 2120   | 702    | 945    | 792    | 942    | 1030   | 11%         |
| Central Govt Capex (ex Loans) | INR Billion    | 570    | 1157   | 616    | 771    | 743    | 741    | 762    | 905    | 1049   | 1050   | 1486   | 1755   | 1610   | 41%         |
| Cement Volumes                | Billion Tonnes | 86     | 78     | 84     | 87     | 53     | 69     | 81     | 93     | 84     | 85     | 88     | 102    | 98     | 5%          |
| Import of engineering goods   | USD Billion    | 25     | 24     | 24     | 23     | 13     | 16     | 22     | 25     | 23     | 22     | 28     | 28     | 26     | 2%          |
| Industrial credit             | INR Trillion   | 28     | 27     | 28     | 30     | 29     | 28     | 28     | 29     | 29     | 28     | 30     | 32     | 32     | 4%          |
| IIP- Capital Goods            | Index          | 101    | 91     | 91     | 91     | 35     | 79     | 91     | 99     | 74     | 92     | 88     | 100    | 96     | -2%         |
| Housing loans                 | INR Trillion   | 12     | 13     | 13     | 14     | 14     | 14     | 14     | 15     | 15     | 15     | 15     | 17     | 17     | 14%         |



Source: CMIE, DSP, Latest Available Data as on Sep 05, 2022

### India: Steady Ship In Choppy Waters

|           | PMI<br>(Absolute) | Real GDP<br>(Y-o-Y) | CPI<br>(Y-o-Y) | IIP<br>(Y-o-Y) | Export<br>Growth<br>(Y-o-Y) | Import<br>Growth<br>(Y-o-Y) | FX<br>Reserves<br>(USD Bn) | Policy Rate (%) |
|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| India     | 58                | 14                  | 7              | 12             | 2                           | 44                          | 561                        | 5.4             |
| US        | 54                | 2                   | 9              | 4              | 23                          | 20                          |                            | 2.4             |
| China     | 53                | 0                   | 3              | 4              | 18                          | 2                           | 3104                       |                 |
| Eurozone  | 49                | 4                   | 9              | 2              | 3                           | 6                           | 36                         | 0.5             |
| Malaysia  | 50                | 9                   | 4              | 12             | 38                          | 42                          | 100                        | 2.3             |
| Indonesia | 52                | 5                   | 5              | 0              | 32                          | 40                          | 132                        | 3.5             |
| Brazil    | 53                | 3                   | 10             | -1             | -5                          | -1                          | 316                        | 13.8            |
| Russia    | 50                | -4                  | 15             | -1             | 2                           | 2                           | 498                        | 8.0             |

India is emerging as one of the relatively better off economies in the post-covid world.

The collateral damage of external headwinds is visible in slow export and high import growth which is pushing FY23 Current account deficit to upwards of 3%

Since India didn't have massive dole outs during the pandemic, the current growth is not on crutches and is shielded from any policy withdrawal syndrome

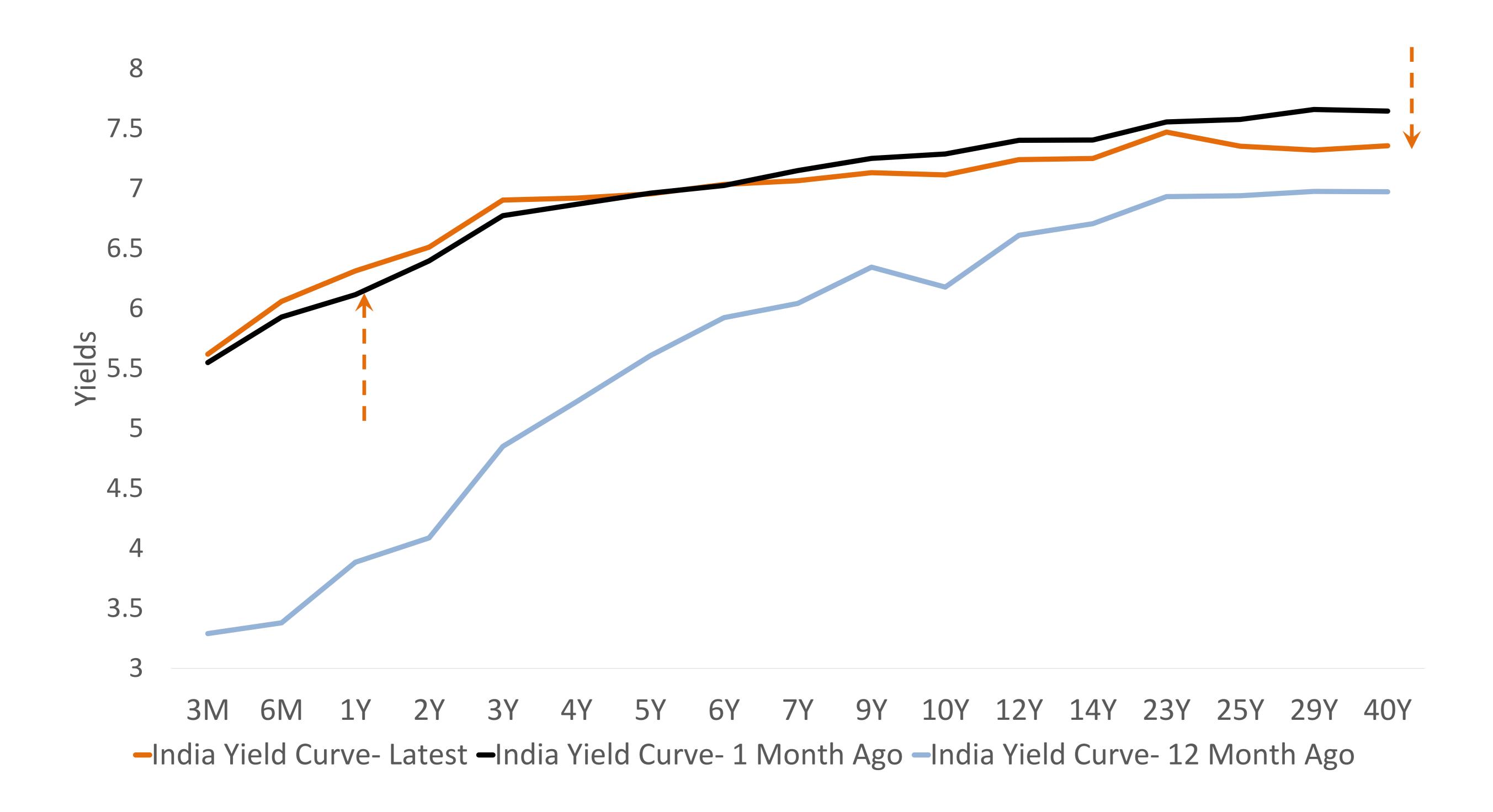
To read more indicators on domestic economy, read <u>Tathya</u>

Track analysis of major releases: 5things



Interest Rates: Not A Significant Worry

#### India: Flattening Yield Curve



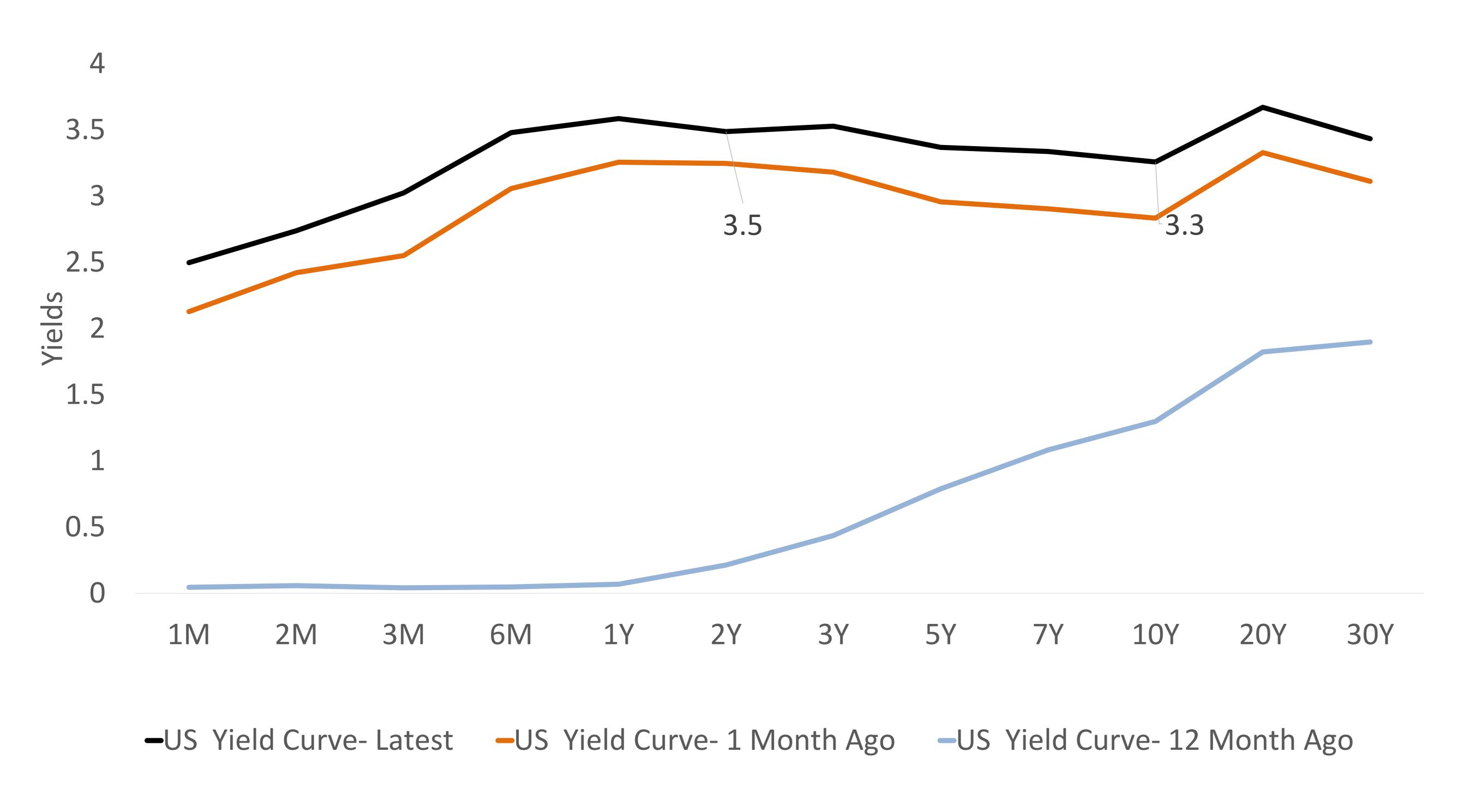
Reiterating our view from Navigator-June, 2022, we have seen an uptick in short term yields whereas longer term yields have fallen.

We continue to believe that central bank hikes will be more visible on the shorter end of the curve while the longer term will see a moderation. Domestic liquidity is likely to be in surplus.



Source: CMIE, DSP, Latest Available Data as on Sep 09, 2022

#### **US: Inverted Yield Curve**



The yield curve in US remains inverted- signaling a scenario of recession. As of today, there's a marked slowdown seen in employment numbers, but services have remained resilient. The case for Fed rate hikes is weakening.

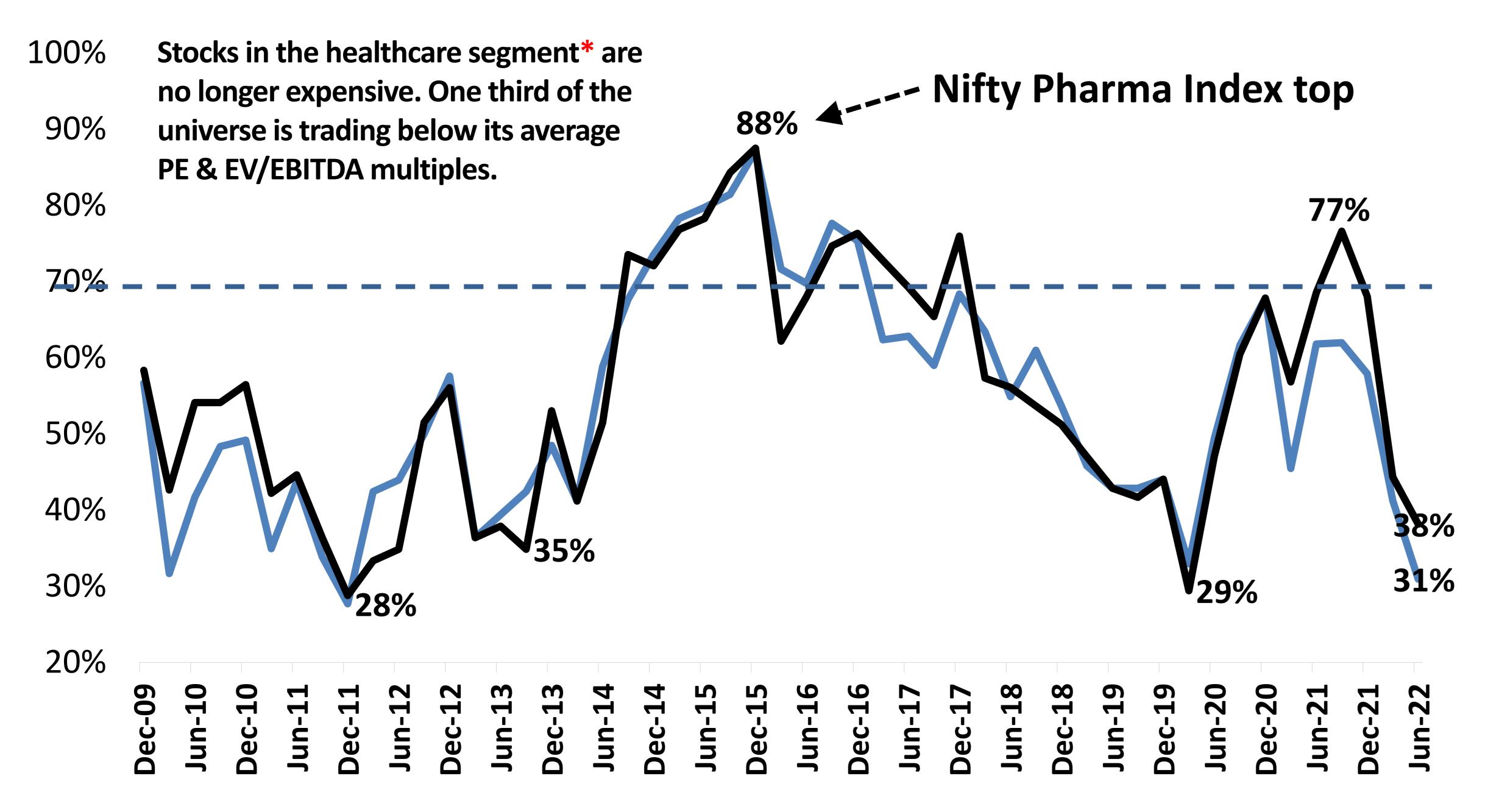
We believe Fed's guidance is likely to change in the coming policies.



Source: CMIE, DSP, Latest Available Data as on Sep 09, 2022

Sectors: Linking Some Macro Trends

### Healthcare: From Pharma, Hospitals To Pathlabs, Stocks Are Not Expensive



A study of nearly 100 pharma, hospital, API & CDMO players and path labs indicate that stocks in the healthcare segment are no longer expensive. Two third of the universe is trading below their past 13-year average Price to earnings and nearly similar number of companies are trading below their historical EV/EBITDA multiples.

Valuations are attractive and it is quite possible that this is an opportune time to scout for bottoms up opportunities in healthcare space with a time horizon of more than 3 years. Margin of safety is back.

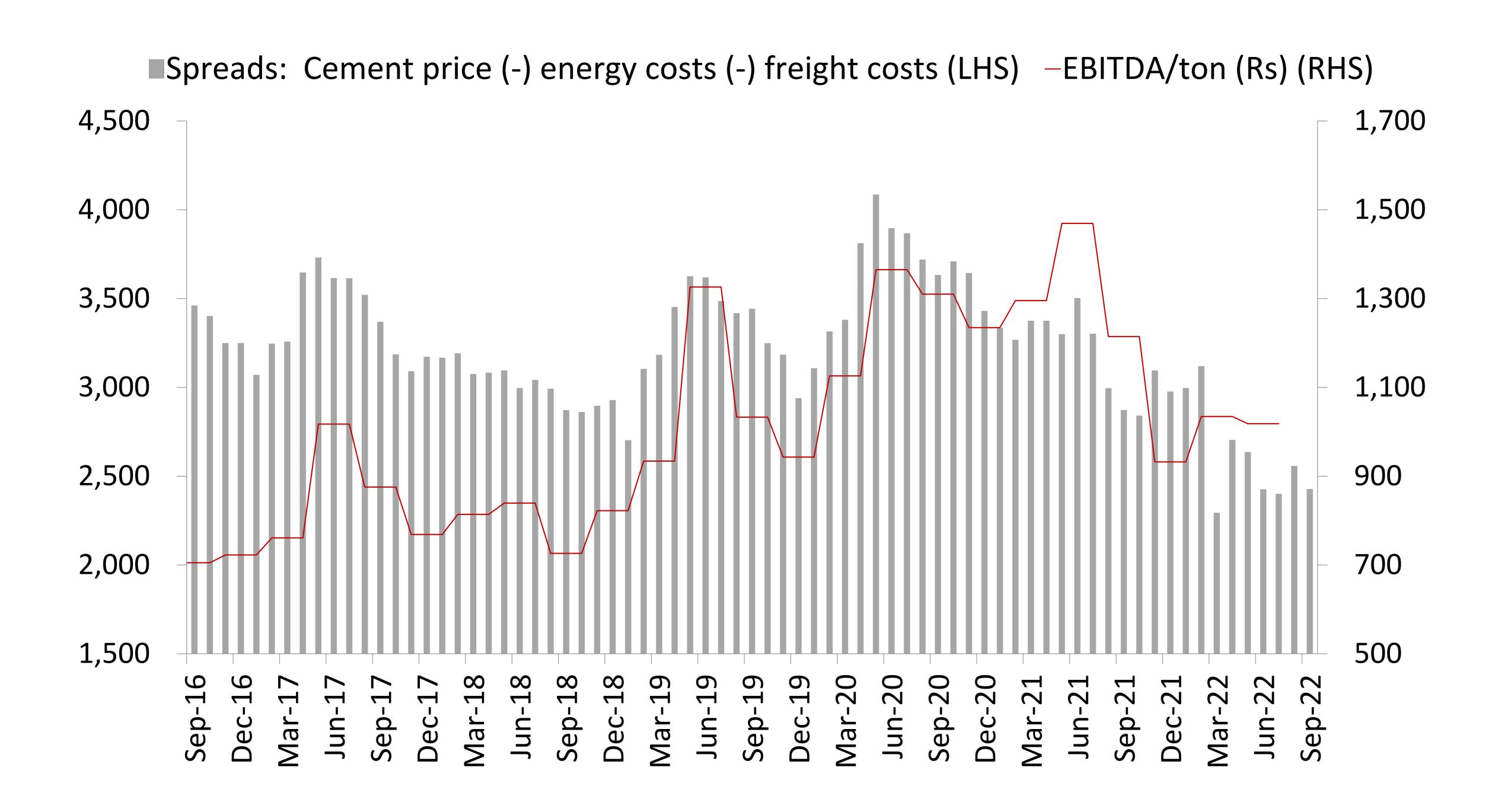
What do you own in healthcare? Read: Netra

- -% of Stocks Trading At A Premiuim To Average PE
- -% of Stocks Trading At A Premiuim To Average EV/EBITDA

\*A universe of ~100 healthcare sector stocks with data beginning 2009 and ending 2022 has been taken.



#### Cement: Input Costs Easing A Big Positive



A surge in input costs have led to a squeeze on margins for cement sector companies. Coal & diesel cost inflation continues to remain a key area of concern for the sector.

Over the last many quarters the realizations have not grown and EBITDA/ton for the sector has declined.

However, the sector may see a reduction in headwinds if & when input prices ease. The cement stocks have seen large price correction recently and are still very volatile.

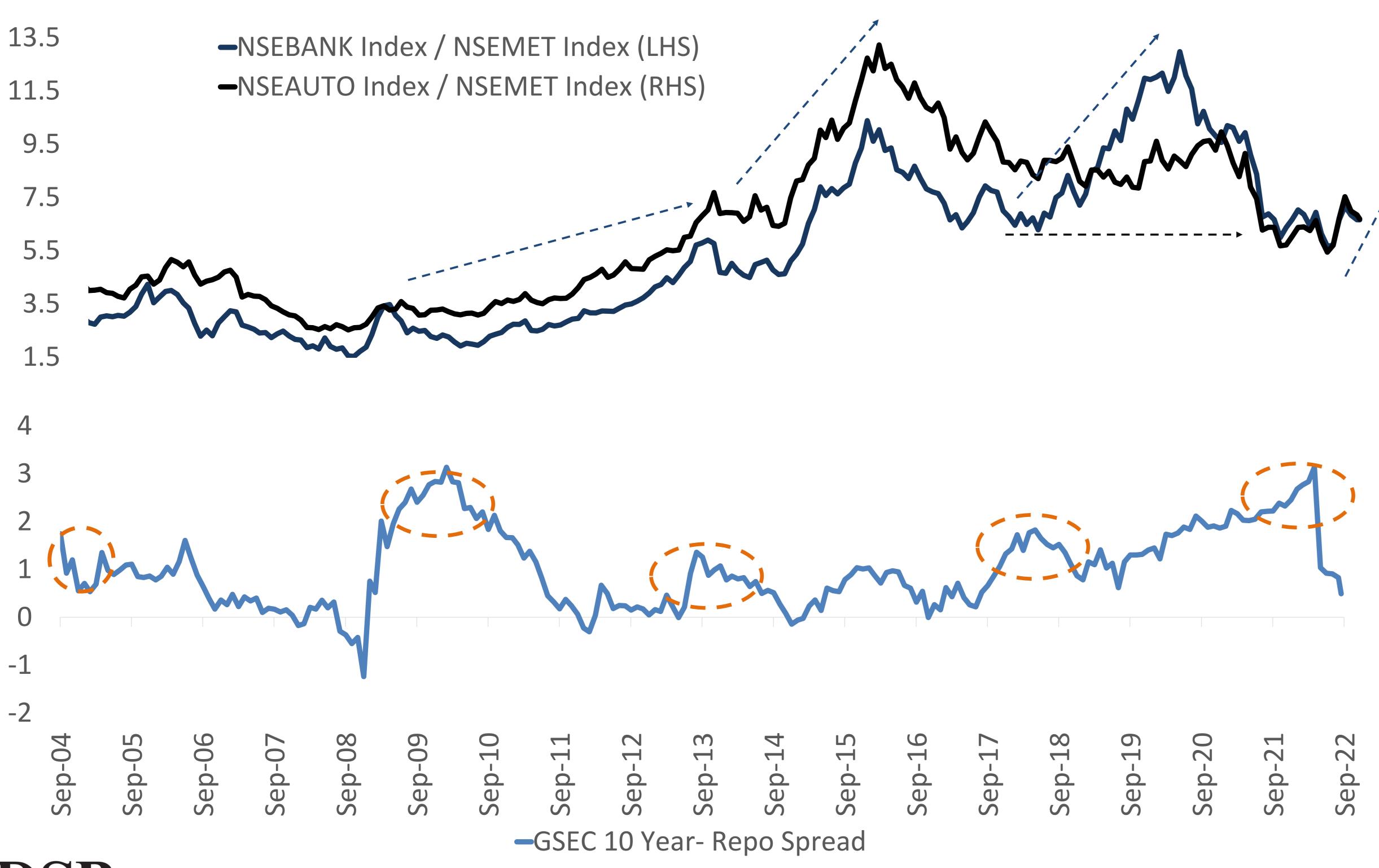
This could be a sector to watch out in H2 of 2022 with a focus on input price pressures and demand recovery for cement. Watch out!

Read: Netra





### Banks & Autos: The Story Continues



We argued in <u>Navigator-June</u>, 2022 that now is the time to own lenders (banks) over metals and users of commodities (auto) over producers of commodities (metals).

Our view has played out in the last months and our portfolios have gained from this trend.

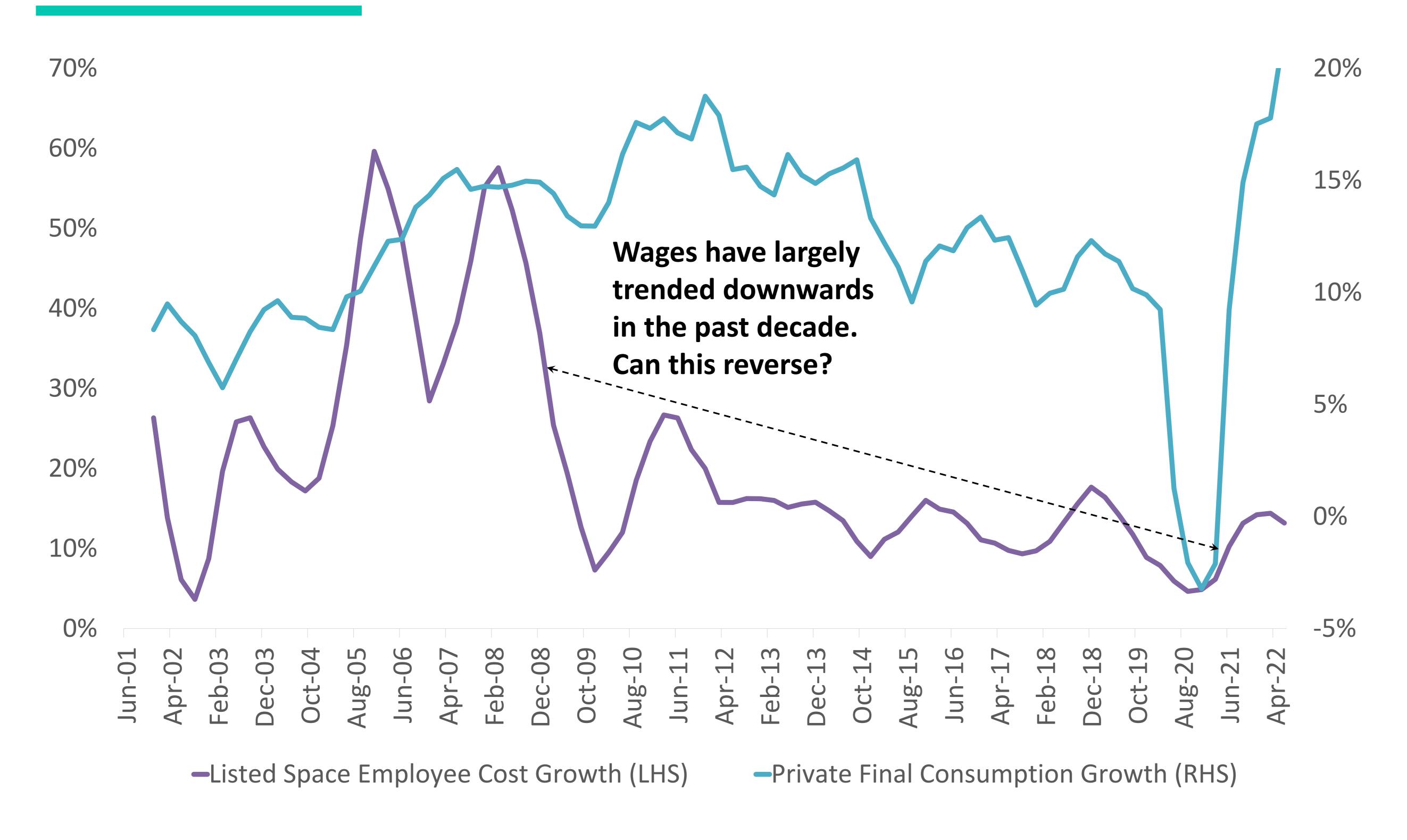
The term premium has collapsed further giving more tailwinds to these sectors.

We remain bullish on autos & financials.



Source: Bloomberg, Data as on Sep-22

### Higher Wages Spurt Consumption



Periods of high wage growth is followed by higher consumption spends. This disproportionately benefits durables and discretionary consumption. As highlighted in <u>The Transcript</u>, the employee costs are rising across sectors. High inflation feeds into wage expectations (wage-inflation spiral)

Can the current spiral fuel domestic consumption? We think so.



Source: DSP, Investec Research, Data as on Jun-22, Data is shown on 4 Quarter Moving Averages

Let's sum it up.

### **Equity: Active Management To Capture The Next Sectoral Churn**

- At DSP, we believe in pre-emptive strategies. Based on our screeners and our in-house knowledge of bottom up and top-down investing, we are executing some sectoral churn. We continue to remain overweight on Banking and Financial Services, Autos and ancillaries, Healthcare & some construction materials. Additionally, we are exploring opportunities in sectors which will benefit from fall in energy/input prices- cement, tiles and garment exporters
- Within equities, we are choosing domestic growth-oriented sectors over exports-oriented sectors. We believe that Emerging economies have more opportunity ahead of them as developed economies slow. Additionally, within Emerging economies India becomes a favorable bet as other Emerging Markets(EMs) (Russia sanctions, China slowdown etc) have worsening fundamentals.
- Each of our Fund Manager deploys a rigorous framework to pick up the most profitable companies and we urge the investors to read our frameworks and style of investing.

#### Fixed Income: Ahead Of The Curve

- Our base case view remains that barring any event risk, yields would gravitate higher.
- But there is an event risk in horizon: We are looking at once in a blue moon event. If the global bond inclusion occurs, then the bonds will rally. The bond inclusion will lead to new demand from FPI. The capital inflows will abate currency tail risks. We have always believed that when demand/supply plays out it can lead to large whiplash movements in yields.
- How do we want to play in our funds? So far, we had been advising clients to invest up to 33% in longer duration products. Thus, most of our funds were running duration at 1/3rd the regulatory boundaries. With the event risk of the global bond inclusion, we prefer to add duration in our funds throughout September. We expect (and advise) to invest around 50% in longer duration products. In case the bond inclusion occurs, the fall in yields will be sharp and swift. In case it does not occur, we would exit the longer duration (back to our original 33% levels) and play for our base case gradual rise in yields. In case the yields fall sharply before the inclusion announcement (7 percent in 10Y), we will again move back to our 33% duration boundary as large part of run up of the yields would have occurred.
- Read more on-Converse: Monthly Fixed Income Update

#### Commodities: Price Pressure To Ease

- Commodity prices are seeing a moderation largely because three large economies US, EU and China are either slowing or are already witnessing slow economic growth. In fact parts of EU may already be in a recession. Similarly the 'Goods' part of US economy may also be in a recession as we speak. The US Manufacturing PMI has been in a contractionary phase indicating stress. This means demand for hard commodities is softening and wanning. Expect commodities like Base metals and agricultural commodities to remain in a broad consolidation but in a down ward sloping trajectory
- Energy prices continue to remain stubbornly high though there has been a decline in Crude Oil prices. Petroleum products prices have also cooled between 20% to 30% and provides some comfort. But they still remain high from historical standards. Natural Gas prices continue to remain high and at uncomfortable levels in most developed economies. Recent uptick in coal and iron ore price in Asia also indicates continued stickiness in energy complex. But slower growth in most countries makes high energy prices unsustainable. Our data on demand and supply dynamics suggest that energy prices will likely cool over the next 6 months along with a slowdown in developed economies. This trend may benefit commodity importers which can see through a downtick in their exports revenues
- Precious metals are likely to benefit from easing of dollar, when it happens
- In conclusion, expect commodity price pressure to ease as we approach Q1 of CY2023.



# How To Play The Recommended Strategies?



### Asset Allocation: Our recommendation

| Risk Appetite | Equity Allocation |
|---------------|-------------------|
| Conservative  | 20%               |
| Moderate      | 50%               |
| Aggressive    | 60%               |



# **Conservative Strategy**

#### Portfolio: Conservative

| Asset Class            | Category       | Fund                                 | Allocation |
|------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Equity 200/            | Large Cap      | DSP Nifty 50 Equal Weight Index Fund | 10%        |
| Equity 20%             | Flexi cap      | DSP Flexi Cap Fund                   | 10%        |
|                        |                |                                      |            |
|                        | Alternate      | DSP World Gold Fund                  | 5%         |
| Alternate & Hybrid 15% | Hybrid         | DSP Equity Savings Fund              | 10%        |
|                        |                |                                      |            |
|                        | Money Market   | DSP Savings Fund                     | 20%        |
| Debt 65%               | Short Duration | DSP Short Term Fund                  | 20%        |
|                        | Dynamic Bond   | DSP Strategic Bond Fund              | 25%        |



# Moderate Strategy

#### Portfolio: Moderate

| Asset Class                | Category             | Fund   | Allocation |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--|------------|
|                            | Large and Mid Cap    | DSP Equity Opportunities Fund                      | 15%        |
| Γαιτί <del>τ</del> ις ΓΩΩ/ | Midcap               | DSP Mid Cap Fund                                   | 10%        |
| Equity 50%                 | Thematic             | DSP India T.I.G.E.R. Fund                          | 5%         |
|                            | Strategic            | DSP Value Fund                                     |            |
|                            |                      |  |            |
| Alternate & Hybrid 10%     | Alternate            | DSP Global Innovation Fund of Fund                 | 2.5%       |
| Alternate & Hybrid 10/0    | Hybrid               | DSP Equity Savings Fund                            | 7.5%       |
|                            |                      |  |            |
|                            | Money Market         | DSP Savings Fund                                   | 5%         |
|                            | Short Duration       | DSP Short Term Fund                                | 10%        |
| Debt 40%                   | Dynamic Bond         | DSP Strategic Bond Fund                            | 5%         |
|                            | Target Maturity Fund | DSP Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index Fund | 20%        |



## **Aggressive Strategy**

#### Portfolio: Aggressive

| Asset Class            | Category                            | Fund   | Allocation |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
|                        | Flexi cap                           | DSP Flexi Cap Fund                                 | 25%        |
|                        | Mid cap                             | DSP Mid Cap Fund                                   | 10%        |
| Equity 60%             | Small cap                           | DSP Small Cap Fund                                 | 10%        |
|                        | Thematic                            | DSP India T.I.G.E.R. Fund                          | 5%         |
|                        | Thematic                            | DSP Healthcare Fund                                | 10%        |
|                        |                                     |  |            |
| Alternate & Hybrid 15% | Alternate                           | DSP Global Innovation Fund of Fund                 | 10%        |
| Aitemate & Hybrid 1370 | Hybrid                              | DSP Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund                  | 5%         |
|                        |                                     |  |            |
|                        | Gilt                                | DSP Government Securities Fund                     | 5%         |
| <b>Debt 25%</b>        | Target Maturity Fund                | DSP Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index Fund | 10%        |
|                        | Gilt with 10-Year Constant Duration | DSP 10Y G-Sec Fund                                 | 10%        |



#### Passive Strategy

#### Portfolio: Passive- Moderate

| Asset Class            | Category                            | Fund   | Allocation |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
|                        | Large cap                           | DSP Nifty 50 Equal Weight Index Fund               | 25%        |
| Equity 50%             | Thematic                            | DSP Quant Fund                                     | 10%        |
|                        | Mid cap                             | DSP Nifty Midcap 150 Quality 50 Index Fund         | 15%        |
| Alternate & Hybrid 10% | Alternate                           | DSP Silver ETF                                     | 10%        |
|                        | Target Maturity Fund                | DSP Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index Fund | 20%        |
| Debt 40%               | Gilt with 10-Year Constant Duration | DSP 10Y G-Sec Fund                                 | 10%        |
|                        | Money Market                        | DSP Savings Fund                                   | 10%        |



#### ...And Some Fun Recommendations

#### What we liked:

Book: <u>How The World Really Works?</u>

Podcast: <u>Howard Marks and his son Andrew Marks on 'Acquired' podcast</u>

• Article: How scientists discovered that one-size diets don't fit all

#### Our in-house creations:

Arjava: <u>Deep-dive into Vinit Sambre's Framework</u>

• DSP Value Fund: <a href="DSP Value Fund: Can It Add Value to Your Money?">DSP Value Fund: <a href="DSP Value Fund: Can It Add Value to Your Money?">DSP Value Fund: Can It Add Value to Your Money?</a>

• Emotions of Money: Life Lessons from a Taxi Driver: Short Films by DSP

"Two little mice fell in a bucket of cream. The first mouse quickly gave up and drowned. The second mouse, wouldn't quit. He struggled so hard that eventually he churned that cream into butter and crawled out"- Catch me if you can.

A successful investor is always the second mouse.



| Scheme   | Product Suitability  | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK   |
|--|--|---|---|
| DSP Flexi Cap Fund  (Flexi Cap Fund - An open ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap, small cap stocks) | The Open Ended Equity Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in equity and equity-related securities to form a diversified portfolio  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | Nifty 500 TRI  MODERATE  HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH  RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK |
| DSP Small Cap Fund (Small Cap Fund - An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in small cap stocks)                    | The Open ended equity scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in equity & equity-related securities predominantly of small cap companies (beyond top 250 companies by market capitalization) | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | S&P BSE 250 Small Cap TRI    MODERATE   MODERATE   HIGH   HIGH  |
| DSP India T.I.G.E.R. Fund (The Infrastructure  | This Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*   |   | S&P BSE 100 TRI   |
| Growth & Economic Reforms Fund) (An open ended equity scheme following economic reforms and/or infrastructure development theme) |  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | RISKOMETER INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK  |
| DSP Value Fund (Open Ended equity scheme following a value investment strategy)  | This product is suitable for investors who are seeking to generate:*  •Generate long-term capital appreciation / income in the long term •Investment primarily in undervalued stocks   | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | NIFTY 500 TRIMODERATE MODERATELY HIGH RISKOMETER  |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme  | Product Suitability  | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK  |
|---|--|---|--|
| DSP Mid Cap Fund  (Mid Cap Fund-An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in mid cap stocks)                          | The Open ended equity scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in equity & equity-related securities predominantly of midcap companies          | RISKOMETER INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK  | Nifty Midcap 150 TRI  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH   |
| DSP Equity Opportunities Fund (Large & Mid Cap Fund-An open ended equity scheme investing in both large cap and mid cap stocks) |  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI  **MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIG  |
| DSP Healthcare Fund (An open ended equity scheme investing in healthcare and pharmaceutical sector)                             | The Open ended equity scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in equity & equity related Securities of healthcare and pharmaceutical companies | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | S&P BSE Healthcare TRI   MODERATE MODERATE HIGH  RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme  | Product Suitability   | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK   |
|---|---|---|---|
| DSP Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund (An open ended dynamic asset allocation fund)   | <ul> <li>This scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*</li> <li>Long-term capital growth</li> <li>Investment in equity and equity related securities including the use of equity derivatives strategies and arbitrage opportunities with balance exposure in debt and money market instruments.</li> </ul> | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT HIGH RISK  | CRISIL Hybrid 50+50 -  Moderate Index  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT HIGH RISK              |
| DSP Savings Fund  (An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A relatively low interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.)  | The Open ended money market mutual fund scheme in income category is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Income over a short-term investment horizon  •Investment in money market instruments with maturityless than or equal to 1 year   | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL | CRISIL Money Market Fund BI Index  **MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT LOW TO MODERATE RISK |
| <b>DSP Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index Fund</b> An open ended target maturity index fund investing in the constituents of Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk. | This scheme is suitable for investor who are seeking*  •Income over long term  •An open ended target maturity index fund that seeks to track the performance of Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index, subject to tracking error.   | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE RISK                                      | Nifty SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2028 30:70 Index  RISKOMETER   |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme   | Product Suitability   | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK   |
|--|---|---|---|
| OSP Short Term Fund  (An open ended short term debt scheme investing in debt and money market securities such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is between 1 year and 3 years (please refer page no. 19 under the section "Where will the Scheme invest?" for details on Macaulay's Duration. A moderate interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.) | This Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Income over a medium-term investment horizon  •Investment in money market and debt securities  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT LOW TO MODERATE RISK                               | CRISIL Short Duration Fund All Index  **MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIG |
| OSP Government Securities Fund  (An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturity. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.)   | The Open ended income scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Income over a long-term investment horizon  •Investment in Central government securities  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL | CRISIL Dynamic Gilt Index    MODERATE   MODERATE   HIGH   HIGH                          |
| DSP Strategic Bond Fund An open ended dynamic debt scheme investing across duration. A relatively high interest rate risk and moderate credit risk.  | The Open ended income scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Income over a medium to long term investment horizon  •Investment in actively managed portfolio of money market and debt securities | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL   | CRISIL Dynamic Bond Fund BIII Index   |

WILL BE AT MODERATE RISK

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme   | Product Suitability   | SCHEME   | BENCHMARK  |
|--|---|--|--|
| DSP World Gold Fund  (An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in Global Funds - World Gold Fund (BGF - WGF)  | This Open-ended Fund of Funds Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in units of overseas funds which invest primarily in equity and equity related securities of gold mining companies          | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK  | FTSE Gold Mine TR (In INR Terms)  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK |
| Open Ended Equity Scheme investing based on a quant model theme)   | This Open-ended equity scheme e is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investment in active portfolio of stocks screened, selected, weighed and rebalanced on the basis of a predefined fundamental factor model   | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK  | S&P BSE 200 TRI  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK           |
| DSP 10Y G-Sec Fund  (Open ended debt scheme investing in government securities having a constant maturity of 10 years. A relatively high interest rate risk and relatively low credit risk.) | This Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Income over a long-term investment horizon  •Investment in Government securities such that the Macaulay duration of the portfolio is similar to the 10 Years benchmark government security | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE HIGH  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH | CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index  MODERATE HIGH HIGH RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE RISK       |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme  | Product Suitability   | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK  |
|---|---|---|--|
| DSP Global Innovation Fund Of Fund An open ended fund of fund scheme investing in Innovation theme  | This open ended Fund of Funds Scheme (Investing In Overseas Fund) is suitable for investors who are seeking*  •Long-term capital growth  •Investments in units of overseas funds which invest in equity and equity related securities of companies which are forefront in innovation  | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK       | MSCI All Country World Index(ACWI) — Net  Total Return  **MODERATE** HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK |
| DSP Equity Savings Fund (An open ended scheme investing in equity, arbitrage and debt)  | <ul> <li>This Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*</li> <li>Long term capital growth and income</li> <li>Investment in equity and equity related securities including the use of equity derivatives strategies and arbitrage opportunities with balance exposure in debt and money market instruments</li> </ul> | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATELY HIGH RISK | Nifty Equity Savings Index  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH   |
| DSP Equal Nifty 50 Fund (till June 30, 2022)  DSP Nifty 50 Equal Weight Index Fund (w.e.f., July 1, 2022)  (An open ended scheme replicating NIFTY 50 Equal Weight Index) | This open ended index linked equity Scheme is suitable for investors who are seeking*  • Long-term capital growth  • Returns that are commensurate with the performance of NIFTY 50 Equal Weight Index TRI, subject to tracking error.  | INVESTORS HADERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL   | CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index  NIFTY 50 Equal Weight TRI  MODERATE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH   |

INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL

WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK

RISKOMETER

INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT MODERATE RISK

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

| Scheme  | Product Suitability  | SCHEME  | BENCHMARK   |
|---|--|---|---|
| DSP Nifty Midcap 150 Quality 50 Index Fund An open ended scheme replicating/ tracking Nifty Midcap 150 Quality 50 Index | This product is suitable for investor who are seeking*  • Long-term capital growth  • Investment in equity and equity related securities covered by Nifty Midcap 150 Quality 50 Index, subject to tracking error | RISKOMETER INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK  | Nifty Midcap 150 Quality 50 TRI   RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK                 |
| An open ended exchange traded fund replicating/tracking domestic prices of silver                                       | <ul> <li>This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*</li> <li>Portfolio diversification through asset allocation.</li> <li>Silver exposure through investment in physical silver</li> </ul>          | RISKOMETER  INVESTORS UNDERSTAND THAT THEIR PRINCIPAL WILL BE AT VERY HIGH RISK | Domestic Price of Physical Silver (based on London Bullion Market association (LBMA) Silver daily spot fixing price.)  RISKOMETER |

<sup>\*</sup>Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the scheme is suitable for them.

#### POTENTIAL RISK CLASS MATRIX FOR DEBT SCHEME(S) OF THE FUND

Relatively High (Class III)

| Scheme<br>names        | Potential Risk Class Matrix (PRC Matrix) |                   |             |                   |
|------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
|                        | Po                                       | tential Risk Clas | S           |                   |
|                        | Credit Risk →                            | Relatively        | Moderate    | Relatively        |
| DSP Savings            | Interest Rate Risk ↓                     | (Class A)         | (Class B)   | High<br>(Class C) |
| Fund                   | Relatively Low (Class I)                 | _                 | B-I         |                   |
|                        | Moderate (Class II)                      | _                 | <del></del> | -                 |
|                        | Relatively High (Class III)              | _                 | _           |                   |
|                        |  |                   |             |                   |
|                        | Po                                       | tential Risk Clas | S           |                   |
|                        | Credit Risk →                            | Relatively        | Moderate    | Relatively        |
| DSP Short<br>Term Fund | Interest Rate Risk ↓                     | (Class A)         | (Class B)   | (Class C)         |
|                        | Relatively Low (Class I)                 | -                 |             |                   |
|                        | Moderate (Class II)                      | A-II              |             |                   |

#### POTENTIAL RISK CLASS MATRIX FOR DEBT SCHEME(S) OF THE FUND

DSP Strategic Bond Fund

| Potential Risk Class        |             |           |                   |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Credit Risk →               | * I MANAPTA |           | Relatively        |  |  |  |
| Interest Rate Risk ↓        | (Class A)   | (Class B) | High<br>(Class C) |  |  |  |
| Relatively Low (Class I)    | _           |           | _                 |  |  |  |
| Moderate (Class II)         |             | _         | _                 |  |  |  |
| Relatively High (Class III) |             | B-III     | _                 |  |  |  |

DSP Government Securities Fund

| Potential Risk Class        |            |           |            |  |  |
|-----------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| Credit Risk →               | Relatively | Moderate  | Relatively |  |  |
| Interest Rate Risk ↓        | (Class A)  | (Class B) | (Class C)  |  |  |
| Relatively Low (Class I)    | -          | _         |            |  |  |
| Moderate (Class II)         | _          |           | -          |  |  |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III      | _         | -          |  |  |

### POTENTIAL RISK CLASS MATRIX FOR DEBT SCHEME(S) OF THE FUND

| Scheme  | Poten  | tial Risk Class M                                | atrix (PRC Ma                        | trix)                       |  |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| DSP 10y G-<br>Sec Fund  | Po Credit Risk → Interest Rate Risk ↓ Relatively Low (Class I) Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III) | tential Risk Clas Relatively Low (Class A) A-III | s<br>Moderate<br>(Class B)<br>-<br>- | Relatively High (Class C) - |  |
| DSP Nifty<br>SDL Plus G-<br>Sec Jun 2028<br>30:70 Index<br>Fund | Po Credit Risk → Interest Rate Risk ↓ Relatively Low (Class I) Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III) | tential Risk Clas Relatively Low (Class A) A-III | Moderate<br>(Class B)                | Relatively High (Class C) - |  |

#### Disclaimer

In this material DSP Investment Managers Private Limited (the AMC) has used information that is publicly available, including information developed in-house. While utmost care has been exercised while preparing this document, the AMC nor any person connected does not warrant the completeness or accuracy of the information and disclaims all liabilities, losses and damages arising out of the use of this information. The recipient(s) before acting on any information herein should make his/their own assessment and seek appropriate professional advice.

All figures and other data given in this document for the fund and the model are as on 31st August, 2022(unless otherwise specified) and the same may or may not be relevant in future and the same should not be considered as solicitation/ recommendation/guarantee of future investments by the AMC or its affiliates. Investors are advised to consult their own legal, tax and financial advisors to determine possible tax, legal and other financial implication or consequence of subscribing to the units of DSP Mutual Fund. The investment approach / framework/ strategy / portfolio / other data mentioned herein are dated and currently followed by the scheme and the same may change in future depending on market conditions and other factors. The sector(s)/stock(s)/issuer(s) mentioned in this document do not constitute any recommendation of the same and the Fund may or may not have any future position in these sector(s)/stock(s)/issuer(s). Investors should note that they will be bearing the recurring expenses of the scheme, in addition to the expenses of other schemes in which the Fund of Funds Scheme makes investments.

For scheme specific risk factors, Asset Allocation details, load structure, investment objective and more details, please read the Scheme Information Document and Key Information Memorandum of the scheme available on ISC of AMC and also available on www.dspim.com."

Mutual Funds Investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully



